

# A ROAD SAFETY BOOKLET FOR PARENTS AND CARERS OF YOUNG CHILDREN



# Steps to road safety start at birth

Congratulations! By reading this guide you have taken the first step to keeping your child safer in and around traffic.

You may already know that many young children are injured in road crashes each year in WA. But did you know there are many simple ways to protect your child in the traffic environment?

Your child is not born knowing how to use the road system safely so just as you teach your child to walk and speak, road safety education needs to begin at birth.

Your child is listening, watching and copying your behaviours from a very young age. Being a good role model as a driver and a pedestrian and teaching your child about road safety will not only help your child stay safer now but also establish safer behaviours through their school years and beyond.

This booklet is for all adults who look after children aged between 0 to 4 years old.

It will tell you:

- why your child is at risk in the traffic environment
- what you can do to keep your child safer as a passenger and pedestrian, and when playing
- what tips you can use to help your child learn about road safety
- where to go for more information.





Your child depends on you to keep them safe as a passenger, pedestrian and when they are playing.

# 0 to 4 year olds ...

- ... need to be supervised by an adult at all times in and around traffic.
- ... are wanting to be independent. They might not always want to hold an adult's hand when near traffic.
- ... are often placed in incorrectly fitted child car restraints or in restraints that aren't suitable for their height and size.

... are curious. This can lead to danger if left alone in the car.

...may not want to sit still in the car. They don't know that their behaviour can distract the driver.

...can't work out where traffic sounds are **coming from.** They need help to understand what to watch out and listen for.

... are **small.** They can be hard to see in traffic and when drivers are reversing or pulling into driveways.

... are fragile. Because of their small size, injuries are likely to be more severe.

...may be easily distracted.

...often play in areas that are not fenced. This means they can wander into danger in an instant.

> ...are learning how to handle a wheeled toy or bicycle. Injuries can be reduced by wearing a helmet and closed in shoes.

## Keep your child safe by ...

- ... supervising them at all times when in or near traffic.
- ...using your knowledge and experience to **predict** when a traffic situation might become dangerous.
- ...making sure they are always wearing an approved child car restraint that is suitable for their height and size.
- ...talking with them about why it is important to wear a restraint and teach them how to put their restraint on.
- ...always holding their hand when walking in or near traffic.
- ...talking with them about how to cross the road and practise whenever you are out and about.





- ... checking before reversing to avoid injuring them in driveways. Set up a 'safety spot' for your child to stand on with an adult or put them in the car in their restraint so you know where they are.
- ...setting up places for them to play safely away from traffic and under your supervision.
- ...making sure they always wear a bike helmet even if they don't want to.

Your child will learn traffic skills by watching and copying the way you behave in and around traffic. Take the time to talk with your child about staying safe and practise these traffic skills every day. Keep reading for some useful tips on how to help your child stay safe.



## Passenger safety

Buckle up every child, every time, every trip.

A properly fitted child car restraint can drastically reduce your child's chance of serious injury or death in a crash.

It's important to have family rules about restraints and stick to them every time you are in the car even if:

- you are only driving a short distance
- you are driving slowly
- your child is asleep
- your child is restless or does not want to be buckled up.

## Did you know it is law for infants and children up until the age of seven years to be restrained in an approved and appropriate child car restraint for their age and size?

- the back seat.



 It is law that children aged between four and seven years will not be permitted to sit in the front seat unless all other seating positions are occupied by children under seven.

• The safest position for your child's car restraint is the middle of



# Choosing the right child car restraint for your child

Your child's size is most important when choosing the right car restraint. Here are the different restraints your child will need as they grow.

Birth up to approx. Infants up to approx. From approx. From approx. 12 months 6 months to 4 years 4 to 8 years 6 to 12 months Convertible (dual Forward facing Booster seat Rear facing purpose) car restraint infant restraint toddler seat It is safer to leave your baby rearward facing as long Your child should stay in a A booster seat can be used as possible. Check the size limits of your restraint restraint with an inbuilt harness for a child who has reached (height/weight) against the size of your child before until they are at least 4 years the age of 4 until they have progressing to a forward facing restraint. of age or have exceeded the exceeded the maximum size maximum size (height/weight) (height/weight) limitations of limitations of their restraint. the restraint approximately There are now restraints with 7 or 8 years of age. If your an inbuilt harness available child still fits in a booster seat that will take a child from keep them in it. There are approximately 6 months to now booster seats available that are suitable for children 8 years of age. up to approximately 10 years

Move your child into the next type when they have reached the size limit of their restraint.

of age.

It is recommended that your child's car restraint is properly fitted and checked by an Authorised Child Car Restraint fitter.

For more information on child car restraints including selecting the right one for your child and fitting and checking locations call 1300 780 713 or visit www.childcarrestraints.com.au

The information on child car restraints was correct at the time of publication however regulations and standards change frequently. For the latest information call Kidsafe WA on (08) 9340 8509 or Roadwise on (08) 9213 2000.



# Getting children in and out of the car

The safest door to take your child in and out of the car is the rear door, closest to the kerb or verge away from traffic. This is the Safety Door.

The safest way to get more than one child in and out of the car is to always place the least mobile child into the car last and take them out of the car first.

### Never leave your child alone in a car, even for short periods.

### The safest place for your child is with you. They are in danger of:

- heat stress and dehydration even with the windows wound down
- burns from hot seat buckles
- playing with car controls such as power windows, cigarette lighters and hand brakes.

When buckling them in or driving them around, talk with your child about:

- why it's important to buckle up on every trip
- why the least mobile child gets placed into the car last and gets taken out first on every trip
- why you won't start the car unless everyone is properly buckled up
- the Safety Door and why it is the safest door to get in and out of the car
- why it's important to not distract you while you are driving
- why they should never stay in a car alone
- why it's important to stand next to the car and wait for your instructions
- where traffic hazards may come from when you remove them from the car.





### Use these passenger safety messages

- When every one is buckled up. I can start the car.'
- 'If anyone isn't properly buckled up, I stop the car.'
- 'I will help you unbuckle your restraint.'
- 'I will help you get in and out through the Safety Door of the car.'
- Sitting quietly in your seat helps me drive more safely.'
- Children are always watching and copying what you do in the car. Wear your seat belt every trip, short or long.



# Pedestrian safety

Their safety is in your hands.

Holding your child's hand is the most effective way to keep them safe from pedestrian injury.

It's important to have a family rule that your child always holds hands with an adult (or when not available holds onto the pram, bag or the clothes of the adult) near roads. Stick to this rule even if your child complains.

### When holding your child's hand, talk with them about:

- why they need to hold hands near roads and traffic
- why it's not safe to run ahead
- where and when it is safe to cross the road
- stopping back from the kerb or edge of road with you before crossing
- looking with you for cars, trucks, motor bikes or machinery that may be on roads, in car parks, coming out of driveways or moving around the farm
- listening with you for these vehicles
- thinking when it's safe to cross and always checking until you are both safely across a road, a driveway or through a car park
- car parks and help them identify the dangers by watching and listening for moving vehicles, reverse lights, exhaust fumes and reversing alarms on trucks
- road signs and markings and explain what they mean.





## Use these pedestrian safety messages

'Whenever we're out walking we hold hands or you hold the pram or my bag.'

'There's no running ahead.'

'Before we cross the road together we always STOP, LOOK, LISTEN and THINK.'

Model safe pedestrian behaviours by obeying traffic rules, road signs and choose safe places to cross.





# Play safety Keep them close, stay alert.

Every week in Australia, a child is runover in the driveway of their own home.

Roads, driveways, car parks, footpaths or around farm machinery are not safe places for young children to play. Children are fast and unpredictable. They can move out of your sight and into danger in an instant. Choose a fenced park or yard for your child to play in and supervise them at all times.

### Know where your child is before you or anyone else leaves your driveway.

It is important to have a family rule about where your child stands when cars are coming in or out of your property. For example 'We wave goodbye to visitors from the verandah.' You may find it useful to call this place the Safety Spot. Make sure other adults who care for your child know about this family rule.







# Play safety

### A young child's skull is soft and easily injured. Bike helmets help reduce injuries.

It is the law in WA to wear a correctly fitted and Australian Standards Approved helmet when riding a bike on the road, footpath or cycle path. Children riding bikes with training wheels or sitting in a baby seat behind an adult must also wear a helmet.

If you make sure your child wears a helmet from the time they start riding their first wheeled toy they will be safer from head injury and more likely to continue this safe practice throughout their lives.

### Buying and fitting your child's bike helmet

- Choose an Australian Standard Approved helmet.
- Place the helmet on your child's head.
- It should fit two child finger widths above your child's eyebrows and should be neither too tight nor loose. Use the pads supplied to make it a snug fit.
- Adjust the straps. The side strap should form a 'Y' shape below your child's ears and the buckle should fit snuggly under the chin.
- Choose a different size if necessary as a loose helmet can increase the risk of injury.





Keep them close, stay alert.

### Make sure your child rides in a park or on a cycle path well away from traffic and roads.

### When supervising your child playing or riding talk to them about:

- why footpaths, roads and driveways are not safe places to play
- how helmets, enclosed shoes, wrist and knee pads keep them safer when riding bikes, scooters and skateboards
- why they should not ride their bike, scooter or skateboard without an adult watching.

### Use these safer playing messages with your child:

'Don't play in the driveway or near the road.'

- 'Never play near the farm machinery.'
- 'Never follow your ball onto the road.'
- 'Stand on the safety spot to wave goodbye to visitors or other family members'.

'No helmet and shoes, no bike or scooter.'

### Model safe riding behaviours for your child:

- always wear a bike helmet
- give way to pedestrians
- use a bell when approaching
- ride single file.

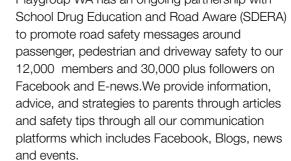


# For more information

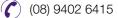


Smart Steps is a road safety education program that targets parents and carers of children up to 4 years of age. It provides professional development of early childhood educators and support resources such as Child Car restraint brochures, road safety story books and songs, discussion photographs, road sign packs and safety door stickers.

**TOWARDS ZERO** 8 SPEED AND RED LIGHT CAMERA FUNDED PROJECT 13 getting there together WALGA's RoadWise Program provides statewide support to Local Governments, RoadWise Committees and community groups on areas of road safety including; child pedestrian safety and child car restraint use. The RoadWise Program coordinates the Child Car Restraint Information Line and maintains the www.childcarrestraints. com.au website, which provides community members information and resources on child car restraint use, details of Type 1 Child Car Restraint Fitters and scheduled fitting stations. RoadWise registers, maintains and supports the network of Type 1 Fitters state-wide, and delivers Accredited Type 1 Fitter training across the state.

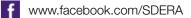












Playgroup WA has an ongoing partnership with



- (08) 9213 2000 and Child Car Restraint Information Line 1300 780 713
- Email: roadwise@walga.asn.au







admin@playgroupwa.com.au



www.playgroupwa.com.au



f <u>www.facebook.com/playgroupwa</u>

Ngala Parenting with Confidence	Ngala offers a range of parenting programs and services to all families in WA, including workshops, a helpline and information on road safety.	<ul><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li><li>(*)</li></ul>	(08) 9368 9368 or 1800 111 546 ngala@ngala.com.au www.ngala.com.au
Cide Acceler Prevention Touristic Western Australia	Kidsafe WA works in the community to educate and inform parents and children on staying safe at home, at play and on the road. We offer a range of child injury prevention workshops and various resources. Kidsafe WA also provides a comprehensive child car restraint fitting, checking, hiring and advisory service. Bookings are essential.	<ul><li>C</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li><li>Q</li></ul>	(08) 9340 8509 Child Safety Information Line 1800 802 244 kidsafe@kidsafewa.com.au www.kidsafewa.com.au
Meerilinga deters forly and ansmoothy	Meerilinga offers a free parent-to-parent service for families including home visits, up-to-date, researched information, parent workshops and links to networks. Bookings are essential for workshops.	<ul><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><li>?</li><l< td=""><td>(08) 9489 4022 Regional: 1800 200 702 mycf@meerilinga.org.au www.meerilinga.org.au</td></l<></ul>	(08) 9489 4022 Regional: 1800 200 702 mycf@meerilinga.org.au www.meerilinga.org.au



## For further information on Smart Steps contact:



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